

Proposal of the matters to be submitted to the workshop on gender-sensitive policies related to mitigation actions on climate change, development and transference of technologies

Mozambique already resents the impacts of climate change and, according to various sources, is among the most vulnerable countries. Floods and drought have been devastating throughout the country and the environmental, economic and social losses are substantial. Although the country has made great efforts to achieve their development goals, climate change poses a threat and can rewind the progress achieved in the various domains.

The country has a very strong policy framework for the promotion of gender equality and for the mitigation and adaptation of climate change. But its integrated implementation is still a challenge.

Recognizing the profound linkages between deal and cope with climate change and advance gender equality, Mozambique was a pioneer in creating a strategy, which its full implementation is still a huge challenge.

In response to the invitation the submission of contributions of the parties, to the results of the workshop on gender-sensitive policies related to mitigation actions to the climate change, development and transference of technologies, as noted within the framework of the work program on gender adopted in Lima during COP20, we proposes the following:

- Increase awareness about the importance of integrating gender in access and use of energy, including the promotion of use of new technologies that encourage men and women to reduce emissions in urban and rural communities;
- Increase knowledge and promote improvements in the participation of men and women in mitigation actions, development and transfer of technologies in the areas of transportation, land use, forests, water and sanitation and solid waste management including recycling;

In terms of content priorities, should be the structure:

- A case study presentation demonstrating best practices of gender integration on actions related to climate change;
- Summary analyze on current mechanisms (NAMAs, NAPS, REDD+ and National Strategies of Mitigation and Climate Change Adaptation, National Communications) how are gender sensitive;
- Recommendations of how the integration of the gender approach can be effectively integrated into various areas of mitigation.

Relatively to gender approach in policies and mitigation actions, based on the experience of Mozambique in the design and implementation of Gender, Environment and Climate Change

Strategy, in our opinion, could be one of the case studies to be presented during the workshop, since a large part of the activities implemented were production initiatives and promotion of use of improved cook-stoves and this involved a transfer of technology. Our country also included issues such as REDD+ and agriculture, which demand a gender responsive approach to be most effective.

Regarding to the challenges during the implementation of mitigation actions, development and transfer of gender sensitive technologies have to highlight the following:

- Reduced financial resources;
- Poor perception on integrating gender-sensitive actions in the context of planning and budgeting for mitigation, on the part of planners;
- Difficulty of obtaining data grouped by sex, its systematization and documentation;

With regard to mechanisms that could be an asset for better support and facilitate the progress of actions and policies, it is suggested to the following:

- Training on gender integration in the entire process (from the planning, design, budgeting, implementation, monitoring and evaluation) of mitigation actions, development and transfer of technologies;

In institutional terms, we believe that in the design and implementation of policies and actions for mitigation, technology development and transfer, must be included/consulted gender experts.

Related to the found/budget, this must be sensitive to gender and addressed to men and women.